according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

Other means of identification : No data available

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc Address : 37 McCarville Street

Charlottetown, PE C1E 2A7

Telephone : 908-740-4000 Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 3

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Carcinogenicity (Oral) : Category 2

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity

- single exposure

Category 1 (Central nervous system)

Specific target organ toxicity:

- repeated exposure

Category 1 (Central nervous system)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :









Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H351 Suspected of causing cancer if swallowed.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H370 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system).

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system)

through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER. Rinse mouth.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a doctor.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical atten-

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture Mixture

Components

Chemical name		CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
	Name/Synonym		
Pentobarbital sodium	No data availa- ble	57-33-0	>= 30 - < 60 *
Propylene glycol	1,2-Propanediol	57-55-6	>= 10 - < 30 *
Ethanol#	Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	>= 10 - < 30
Phenytoin sodium	2,4- Imidazolidinedi- one, 5,5- diphenyl-, sodi-	630-93-3	>= 5 - < 10 *

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	um salt (1:1)		
Benzyl alcohol	Benzenemetha- nol	100-51-6	>= 1 - < 5 *

[#] Voluntarily-disclosed substance

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

: Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

In case of eye contact

delayed

Toxic if swallowed.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer if swallowed.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Hazardous combustion prod- :

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition.

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray

jet.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate

containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material

can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate

container.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

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Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equip-

ment.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe mist or vapors.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit

flammable gases

Explosives Gases

Very acutely toxic substances and mixtures

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis
		(Form of	ters / Permissible	
		exposure)	concentration	
Pentobarbital sodium	57-33-0	TWA	40μg/m3 (OEB3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	400µg/100cm2	Internal
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	TWA (Va-	50 ppm	CA ON OEL
		pour and	155 mg/m³	
		aerosols)		
		TWA (aero-	10 mg/m ³	CA ON OEL

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		sol)		
Ethanol	64-17-5	TWA	1,000 ppm	CA AB OEL
			1,880 mg/m ³	
		STEL	1,000 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEV	1,000 ppm	CA QC OEL
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
Phenytoin sodium	630-93-3	TWA	50 μg/m3 (OEB3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	500 µg/100 cm2	Internal

Engineering measures : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing

technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-

less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of

the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face

containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting

equipment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or

exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the

recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type

Hand protection

Combined particulates and organic vapor type

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is

flammable, which may impact the selection of hand

protection.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

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Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance liquid

pink Color

Odor No data available

Odor Threshold No data available

No data available pН

Melting point/freezing point No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

44 - 60 °C Flash point

Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure No data available

Relative vapor density No data available

Relative density No data available

No data available Density

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature

No data available

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Decomposition temperature No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic No data available

Explosive properties Not explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

No data available Molecular weight

Particle characteristics

Particle size No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions. Flammable liquid and vapor.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks. Oxidizing agents

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Toxic if swallowed.

Product:

Acute toxicity estimate: 261.66 mg/kg Acute oral toxicity

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Pentobarbital sodium:

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat): 118 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 239 mg/kg

LD50 (Rabbit): 175 mg/kg

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LD50 (Dog): 65 mg/kg

Propylene glycol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 22,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 44.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 10,470 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male): 116.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 15,800 mg/kg

Phenytoin sodium:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 100 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

Benzyl alcohol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,200 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

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Result : No skin irritation

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Ethanol:

Test Type : Mouse ear swelling test (MEST)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Mouse Result : negative

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Phenytoin sodium:

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitization in humans

Benzyl alcohol:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Humans Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization

rate in humans

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Ethanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Phenytoin sodium:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

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Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer if swallowed.

Components:

Propylene glycol:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Phenytoin sodium:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : positive

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies (oral)

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ment

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 451

Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Components:

Pentobarbital sodium:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

Propylene glycol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Ethanol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Phenytoin sodium:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

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Benzyl alcohol:

Effects on fertility Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

STOT-single exposure

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system).

Components:

Pentobarbital sodium:

Routes of exposure : Ingestion

Target Organs : Central nervous system Assessment : Causes damage to organs.

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Phenytoin sodium:

Routes of exposure : Ingestion

Central nervous system Target Organs

Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at con-Assessment

centrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Propylene glycol:

Species : Rat, male : >= 1,700 mg/kg: Ingestion NOAEL

Application Route Exposure time : 2 y

Ethanol:

Species Rat

NOAEL 1,730 mg/kg : LOAEL 3,200 mg/kg Application Route Ingestion Exposure time : 90 Days

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Phenytoin sodium:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : > 100 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Mouse

NOAEL : > 10 - 100 mg/kg LOAEL : > 10 - 100 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:

Species : Rat NOAEL : 1.072 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 412

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Pentobarbital sodium:

Ingestion : Symptoms: dry mouth, mood swings, Dizziness, Headache,

Nausea, central nervous system effects, Sweating

Phenytoin sodium:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Nausea, constipation, confusion, Vomiting, central

nervous system effects, Dizziness, insomnia, Blood disorders,

Liver disorders, Tremors, anorexia

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Pentobarbital sodium:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 49.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Propylene glycol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l

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aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 19,300 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 13,020 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 18 h

Ethanol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 14,200 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 5,012 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): >= 79 mg/l

Exposure time: 100 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 9 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Protozoa): 5,800 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Phenytoin sodium:

Toxicity to fish : EC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10 - 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Benzyl alcohol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310

ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 51 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Propylene glycol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 98.3 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Ethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 84 % Exposure time: 20 d

Phenytoin sodium:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 92 - 96 %

Exposure time: 14 d

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Propylene glycol:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -1.07

octanol/water Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.8

Ethanol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -0.35

Phenytoin sodium:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2.84

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

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octanol/water Remarks: Calculation

Benzyl alcohol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 1.05

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or

death.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

(Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)

Class : 3 Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

366

Packing instruction (passen: :

355

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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(Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant : no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG

UN number : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
ERG Code : 128
Marine pollutant : no

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table

2: OEL)

CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL

CA ON OEL : Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under

the Occupational Health and Safety Act.

CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safe-

ty, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-

borne contaminants

ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit

CA BC OEL / STEL : short-term exposure limit

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

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CA ON OEL / TWA Time-Weighted Average Limit (TWA)

CA QC OEL / STEV Short-term exposure value

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Sources of key data used to

Date format

Data Sheet

Revision Date 09/28/2024

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD compile the Material Safety eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

mm/dd/yyyy

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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